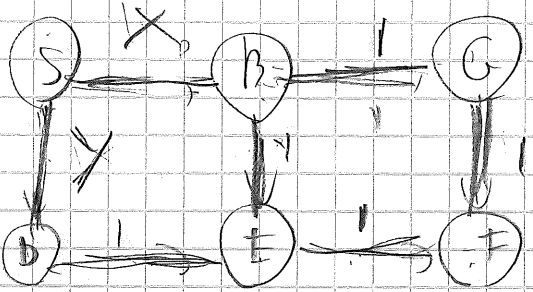


Ex 11 H: 2 1 H: 1 H: 0 13/06/2017 DEST FIRST

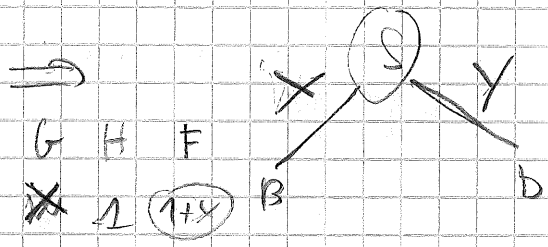


$S \rightarrow B \rightarrow G$   
 $Cost = X + 1$

Q1

H: 3 H: 2+5 H: 1 0, 2, 2

$1 + X > 3 + Y$



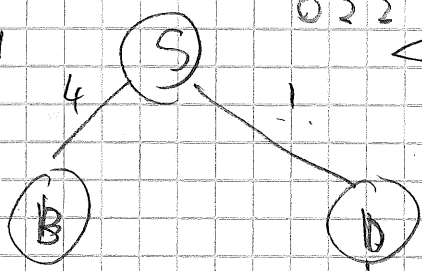
G H F  
~~X~~ 1 (1+Y) B D G H F => Y 3 (3+Y)

$X > Y + 2$   
 $Y = 1 \quad X = 4$

$X = 4$   
 $Y = 1$

G H F  
 0 2 2  
 $\Delta 0$

G H F  
 4 1 5



G H F  
 1 3 4  
 $\Delta 1$

G H F  
 2 2 4  
 $\Delta 2$

G H F  
 3 1 4



G H F  
 3 1 4  
 $\Delta 3$

ADDITION

G H F  
 4 0 4

Q2

a) IS H ADMIT?

	S	B	G	D	E	F	
$H_m$	2	1	0	3	2	1	$\Rightarrow H_m \leq H_m^* \forall m \in M$
$H^*$	4	1	0	3	2	1	

b) IS H CONSIST?

$H_m \leq C_{mm} + H_m \Rightarrow H_m - H_m \leq C_{mm}$

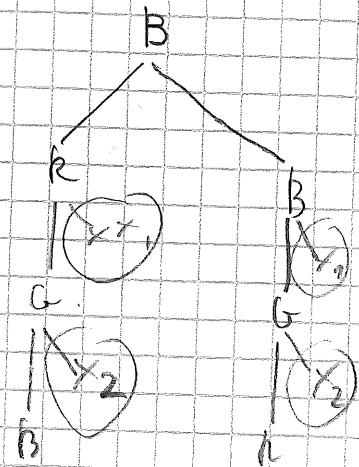
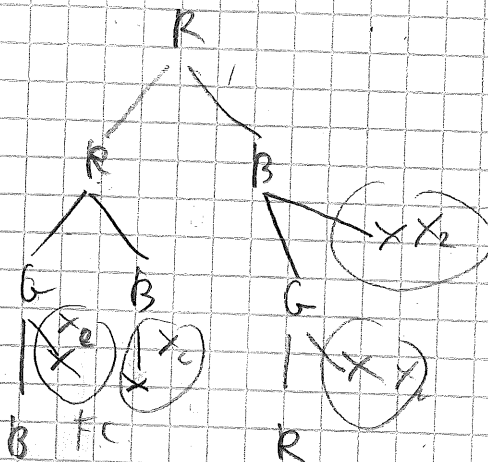
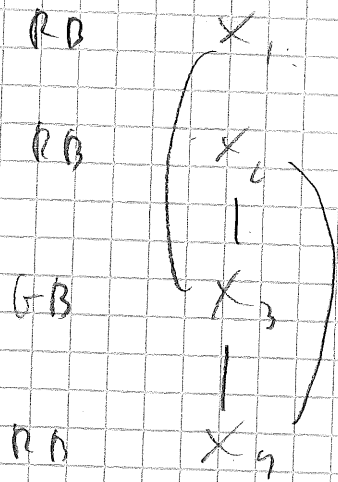
SINCE THE  $C_{mm}$  IS NO. OF EDGES TO GO TO THIS CAN NEVER DECREASE

Ex 2

QA MIT IS Cons.

YES

BT

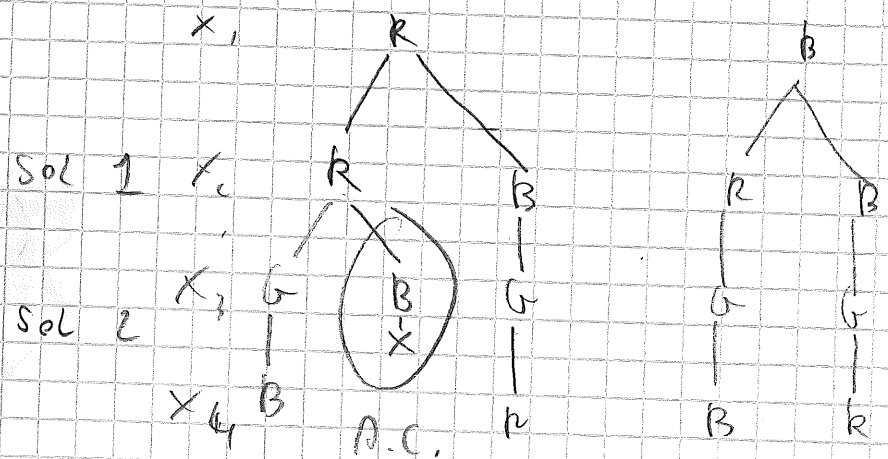


RB RB GB RB Sol 1 Sol 2



QA

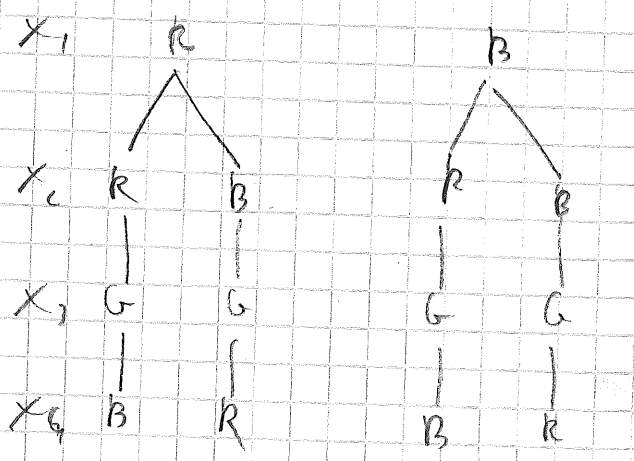
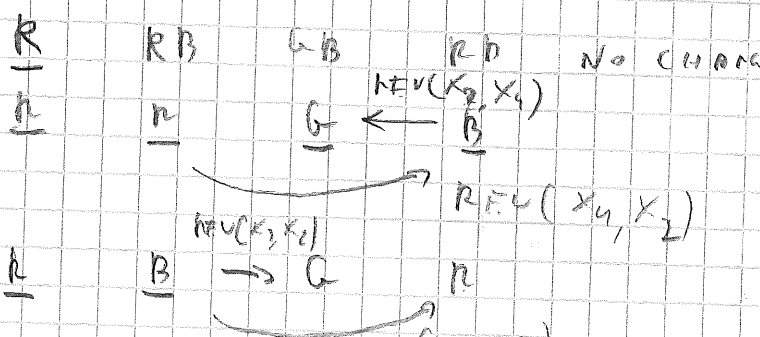
R	RB	GB	RB
R	R	GB	B
R	R	G	B
R	R	B	X
R	B	G	R
B	RB	G	RB
B	R	G	B
B	B	G	R

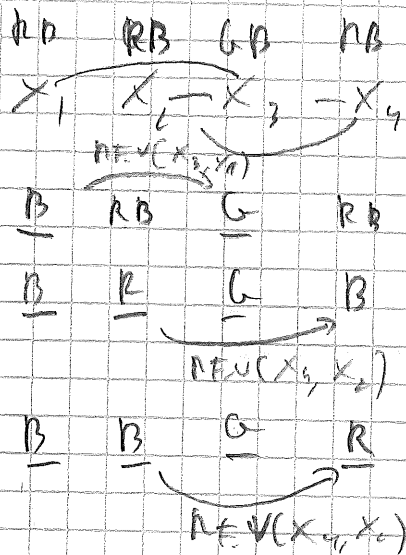


Sol 1 Sol 2 Sol 3 Sol 4

Q3

RB RB GB RB A.C.



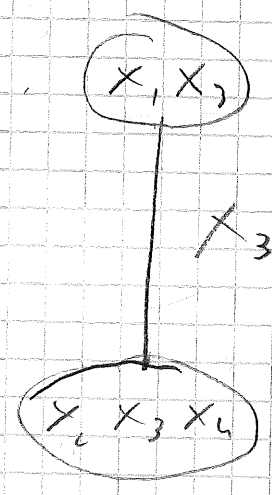
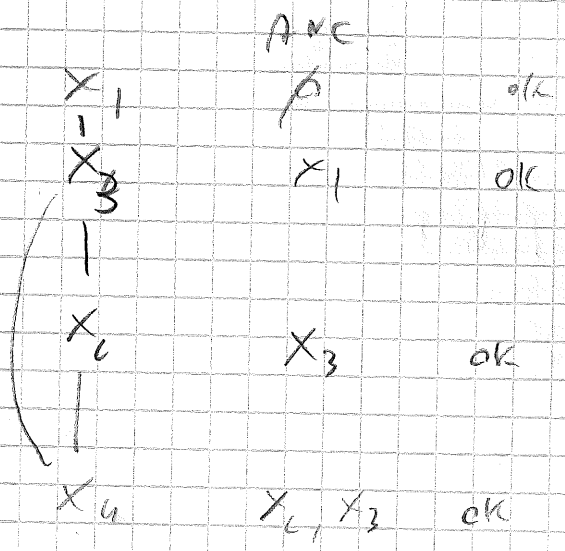


EX 3

QA STATE WHETHER THIS NETWORK IS ACYCLIC

PRIMAL BASED

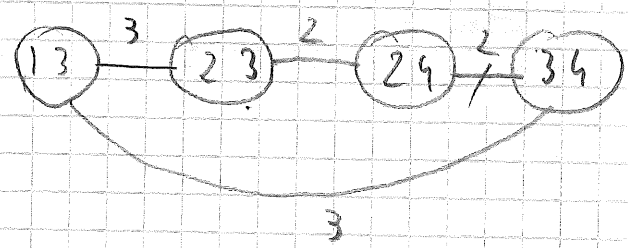
MAXIMUM CAPABILITY ORDER (CONST ID)



$\Rightarrow$  NO CONST. WITH  $X_2, X_3, X_4$  NOT CONST.

$\downarrow$   
GRAPH IS CYCLIC

DUAL BASED

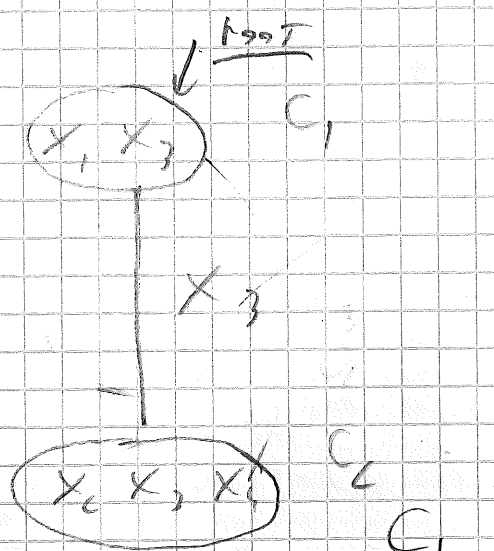


$\Rightarrow$  NOT ACYCLIC

Q2 SOLVE THIS NET BY USING METHOD OF YORK  
 (THAN AT JTC)

MUST USE JTC

SOLUTIONS



$X_1$	$X_2$	$X_3$	$X_4$
R	R	G	B
B	R	G	B
R	B	G	R
B	B	G	R

$C_1$

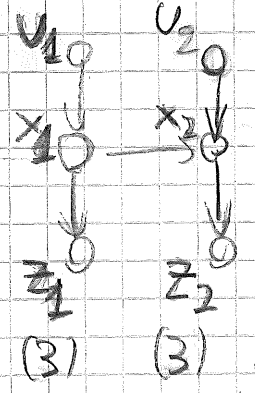
R	G	B
B	G	R

$C_2$

R	G
B	G
<del>B</del>	<del>B</del>

$REV(C_1, C_2) = ok$

EX 4



Q1)  $P(X_2 | U_2, X_1) = P(X_2 | U_2, U_1, X_1, Z_1)$   
 [LOCAL SEMANTICS]  
 YES  $X_2$  COND INDEP ON NON DESC  $(U_1, X_1)$   
 GIVEN ITS PARENTS  $(U_2, X_1)$

Q2)  $P(Z_2 | X_2) = P(Z_2 | X_2, X_1, U_2, U_1, Z_1) =$  [MARKED BLANKET]

YES MB  $(Z_2) = X_2, Z_1$  COND INDEP GIVEN MB  $[X_2]$   
 FROM ALL OTHER NODES  $[U_2, U_1, X_1, Z_1]$

Q3) # PAR.

$P(\text{---}) = P(U_1) P(U_2) P(X_1 | U_1) P(X_2 | U_2, X_1) P(Z_1 | X_1) P(Z_2 | X_2)$   
 $16 = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4$